

#### **Project Title**

Conversational Agent for Healthy Lifestyle Behaviour Change: An online feasibility study

#### **Project Lead and Members**

Project lead: Assistant Professor Lorainne Tudor-Car Project members: Dhakshenya Ardhithy Dhinagaran, Thirunavukkarasu Sathish, Ai Jia Soong, Yin-Leng Theng, James Donovan Best

#### **Organisation(s) Involved**

Lee Kong Chian School of Medicine, Nanyang Technological Institute (Singapore) Hamilton Health Sciences and McMaster University, Hamilton (Canada), Imperial College London (United Kingdom)

#### Healthcare Family Group Involved in this Project

Medical

#### Specialty or Discipline (if applicable)

Family Medicine, Primary Care, Evidence-based Medicine Research Group

#### **Project Period**

Start date: August 2019

Completed date: December 2019

#### Aims

To test the feasibility and acceptability of using a conversational agent promoting healthy lifestyle changes for the general population in Singapore.

#### Background

Please see attached poster



#### Methods

Please see attached poster

#### Results

Please see attached poster

#### **Lessons Learnt**

- A recruitment period of month than 4 weeks (one month) is needed to achieve a larger sample size.
- Introducing an in-person component either at recruitment or follow up (as a debrief) could have helped enhance the legitimacy of the study.

#### Conclusion

Please see attached poster

#### Additional Information

This project attained the Merit Award (Category: SHBC Student Awards (Open Category)) at the Singapore Health & Biomedical Congress (SHBC) 2021

#### **Project Category**

Technology, Digital Health, Chat Bots, Care Continuum, Primary Care, Population Health

#### Keywords

Conversational Agent, Feasibility Study, Healthy Living, Behaviour Change

#### Name and Email of Project Contact Person(s)

Name: Dhakshenya Ardhithy Dhinagaran

Email: dhakshen001@e.ntu.edu.sg

# Conversational agent for healthy lifestyle behaviour change: an online feasibility study

Dhakshenya Ardhithy Dhinagaran (1); Thirunavukkarasu Sathish (2,3); AiJia Soong (1); Yin-Leng Theng (4); James Donovan Best (5); Lorainne Tudor Car (1,6)

- (1) Family Medicine and Primary Care, Lee Kong Chian School of Medicine, Nanyang Technological University Singapore, Singapore
  - (2) Population Health Research Institute (PHRI), Hamilton Health Sciences and McMaster University, Hamilton, Canada
  - (3) Centre for Population Health Sciences, Lee Kong Chian School of Medicine, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore
    - (4) Centre for Healthy and Sustainable Cities, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore
      - (5) Lee Kong Chian School of Medicine, Nanyang Technological University, Singapore
  - (6) Department of Primary Care and Public Health, School of Public Health, Imperial College London, London, United Kingdom

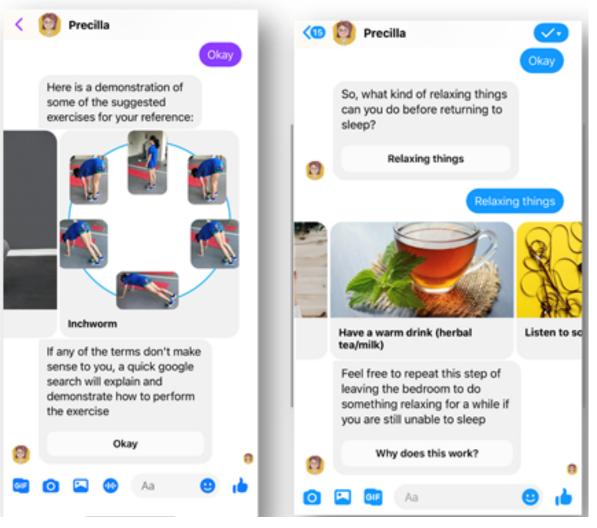
### **Background & Objectives**

Interventions promoting healthy lifestyle changes have been proven effective in reversing prediabetes. Technologies such as conversational agents could implement such healthy lifestyle changes. This project explored the feasibility and acceptability of using a conversational agent promoting healthy lifestyle changes for the general population in Singapore.

## Methods & Study outline

75 participants were recruited via Facebook for an online single-arm feasibility study where they had to interact with a conversational agent delivered through Facebook Messenger for 4 weeks. Messages were sent four times a week for four weeks and the conversations were focused on diet, exercise, sleep and stress. We assessed feasibility of recruitment and retention, participants' satisfaction and usability of the conversational agent.

## Figure 1. Examples of interactions with the conversational agent "Precilla"



### Figure 2. Study workflow



## Findings - Feasibility & Acceptability

Of the eligible participants, 60 provided digital informed consent and completed baseline assessments whilst 56 followed the study through till completion. Retention was high, at 93% (56/60), as was engagement, denoted by 50% of participants communicating with the conversational agent at each interaction. Acceptability, usability, and satisfaction were generally high and participants provided some suggestions for future improvements for the intervention. Effectiveness was not studied in detailed and must be further explored in future studies.

### **Conclusions**

The delivery of a conversational agent for healthy lifestyle behaviour change via Facebook messenger was feasible and acceptable with the general population in Singapore. We were unable to recruit our planned sample using free options in Facebook exclusively. However, participant retention and conversational agent engagement rates were high. Our findings provide important insights for a future randomised controlled trial.



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**Dhakshenya Ardhithy Dhinagaran;**PhD student, LKC Medicine, NTU Supervisor: Assistant Professor Lorainne Tudor Car